

Table 2. Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

| | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|
| O(1A)—C(2A) | 1.343 (4) | O(1B)—C(2B) | 1.358 (3) |
| O(1A)—C(22A) | 1.474 (3) | O(1B)—C(22B) | 1.478 (3) |
| C(2A)—C(3A) | 1.377 (3) | C(2B)—C(3B) | 1.397 (4) |
| C(2A)—C(19A) | 1.364 (3) | C(2B)—C(19B) | 1.361 (4) |
| C(3A)—C(4A) | 1.348 (4) | C(3B)—C(4B) | 1.357 (3) |
| C(4A)—C(5A) | 1.422 (3) | C(4B)—C(5B) | 1.417 (3) |
| C(5A)—C(6A) | 1.434 (4) | C(5B)—C(6B) | 1.454 (3) |
| C(5A)—C(18A) | 1.428 (3) | C(5B)—C(18B) | 1.411 (3) |
| C(6A)—C(7A) | 1.491 (3) | C(6B)—C(7B) | 1.476 (4) |
| C(6A)—C(15A) | 1.392 (3) | C(6B)—C(15B) | 1.380 (3) |
| C(7A)—C(8A) | 1.478 (4) | C(7B)—C(8B) | 1.486 (3) |
| C(7A)—O(31A) | 1.204 (3) | C(7B)—O(31B) | 1.212 (3) |
| C(8A)—C(9A) | 1.391 (4) | C(8B)—C(9B) | 1.380 (3) |
| C(8A)—C(13A) | 1.405 (3) | C(8B)—C(13B) | 1.375 (3) |
| C(9A)—C(10A) | 1.367 (4) | C(9B)—C(10B) | 1.379 (3) |
| C(10A)—C(11A) | 1.380 (3) | C(10B)—C(11B) | 1.385 (4) |
| C(11A)—C(12A) | 1.394 (4) | C(11B)—C(12B) | 1.376 (4) |
| C(12A)—C(13A) | 1.377 (4) | C(12B)—C(13B) | 1.391 (3) |
| C(13A)—C(14A) | 1.448 (3) | C(13B)—C(14B) | 1.484 (3) |
| C(14A)—C(15A) | 1.480 (3) | C(14B)—C(15B) | 1.465 (4) |
| C(14A)—O(32A) | 1.229 (3) | C(14B)—O(32B) | 1.232 (3) |
| C(15A)—C(16A) | 1.401 (3) | C(15B)—C(16B) | 1.409 (3) |
| C(16A)—C(17A) | 1.355 (4) | C(16B)—C(17B) | 1.343 (4) |
| C(17A)—C(18A) | 1.402 (3) | C(17B)—C(18B) | 1.406 (3) |
| C(18A)—C(19A) | 1.409 (3) | C(18B)—C(19B) | 1.415 (4) |
| C(19A)—N(20A) | 1.409 (3) | C(19B)—N(20B) | 1.397 (4) |
| N(20A)—C(21A) | 1.285 (3) | N(20B)—C(21B) | 1.267 (4) |
| C(21A)—C(22A) | 1.492 (3) | C(21B)—C(22B) | 1.478 (4) |
| C(22A)—N(23A) | 1.438 (4) | C(22B)—N(23B) | 1.433 (3) |
| C(22A)—C(30A) | 1.565 (4) | C(22B)—C(30B) | 1.538 (3) |
| N(23A)—C(24A) | 1.401 (3) | N(23B)—C(24B) | 1.397 (3) |
| N(23A)—C(33A) | 1.451 (4) | N(23B)—C(33B) | 1.447 (3) |
| C(24A)—C(25A) | 1.393 (4) | C(24B)—C(25B) | 1.358 (4) |
| C(24A)—C(29A) | 1.374 (3) | C(24B)—C(29B) | 1.388 (3) |
| C(25A)—C(26A) | 1.392 (4) | C(25B)—C(26B) | 1.339 (3) |
| C(26A)—C(27A) | 1.358 (4) | C(26B)—C(27B) | 1.333 (4) |
| C(27A)—C(28A) | 1.393 (3) | C(27B)—C(28B) | 1.418 (5) |
| C(28A)—C(29A) | 1.365 (3) | C(28B)—C(29B) | 1.408 (3) |
| C(29A)—C(30A) | 1.498 (3) | C(29B)—C(30B) | 1.515 (3) |
| C(30A)—C(34A) | 1.526 (3) | C(30B)—C(34B) | 1.512 (3) |
| C(30A)—C(35A) | 1.495 (4) | C(30B)—C(35B) | 1.532 (4) |
| O(1A)—C(22A)—C(21A) | 110.2 (2) | O(1B)—C(22B)—C(21B) | 111.2 (2) |
| C(21A)—C(22A)—C(30A) | 117.8 (2) | C(21B)—C(22B)—C(30B) | 115.8 (2) |
| C(21A)—C(22A)—N(23A) | 111.6 (2) | C(21B)—C(22B)—N(23B) | 110.2 (2) |
| O(1A)—C(22A)—C(30A) | 106.4 (2) | O(1B)—C(22B)—C(30B) | 107.6 (2) |
| O(1A)—C(22A)—N(23A) | 106.6 (2) | O(1B)—C(22B)—N(23B) | 107.0 (2) |
| N(23A)—C(22A)—C(30A) | 103.5 (2) | N(23B)—C(22B)—C(30B) | 104.4 (2) |

The structure was solved by direct methods (*SIR88*; Burla, Camalli, Cascarano, Giacovazzo, Polidori, Spagna & Viterbo, 1989) and refined by block-matrix least squares (Immirzi, 1973). Other programs used: *PLUTO* (Motherwell & Clegg, 1978) and *PARST* (Nardelli, 1983).

Lists of structure factors, anisotropic thermal parameters, H-atom coordinates, bond distances, bond angles and torsion angles have been deposited with the British Library Document Supply Centre as Supplementary Publication No. SUP 55948 (36 pp.). Copies may be obtained through The Technical Editor, International Union of Crystallography, 5 Abbey Square, Chester CH1 2HU, England. [CIF reference: NA1026]

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β -Homopipitzolone

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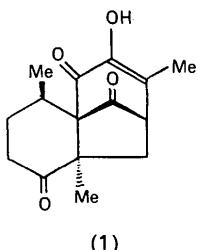
Abstract

The structure of β -homopipitzolone (one of the two isomers of an intermediate product in the homoocrodrole synthesis) has been unequivocally established as 10-hydroxy-2,6,9-trimethyltricyclo[6.3.1.0^{1,6}]dodeca-9-ene-5,11,12-trione with relative 1*R*,2*R*,6*R*,8*S* configuration.

Comment

The thermal (Walls, Padilla, Joseph-Nathan, Giral & Romo, 1965; Joseph-Nathan, Mendoza & Garcia, 1977) and catalytic (Sanchez, Yanez, Enriquez & Joseph-Nathan, 1981) transformations of perezone produce a mixture of α - and β -pipitzols. In continuation of our investigations in this field, we have prepared the new α - and β -homopipitzolone mixture from modified perezone (Mendoza, Garcia, Reyes &

Guzman, 1988). However, the structures of these compounds have not been assigned unambiguously. Thus, the X-ray diffraction study of β -homopipitzolone (1) was undertaken.



Molecule (1) has a tricyclic framework. The cycle A has a distorted chair conformation with the C13- and C14-methyl groups in equatorial and axial orientations, respectively. The five-membered cycle B, *cis*-fused to the cycle A, has a conformation intermediate between $1\alpha,12\beta$ -twist and 12β -envelope. The six-membered cycle C has a distorted 12β -sofa conformation. The absolute chirality of molecule (1) could not be established objectively and was arbitrarily assigned as $1R,2R,6R,8S$.

The molecule (1) exists, in the crystal, in the enol form with a C9=C10 double bond [1.337 (3) Å] and an O4-hydroxy group. The latter takes part in intermolecular hydrogen bonding with the O2-oxo group of the molecule related by 2_1 axes [O4···O2' 2.735 (2), O4—H4 0.86 (2), H4···O2' 2.18 (2) Å, O4—H4···O2' 122 (2) $^\circ$] which results in the formation of infinite chains along the x axis. The relative weakness of this hydrogen bond may be explained by the participation of the O4—H4 group in the additional intramolecular interaction O4—H4···O1 [O4···O1 2.712 (3), H4···O1 2.21 (3) Å, O4—H4···O1 117 (2) $^\circ$].

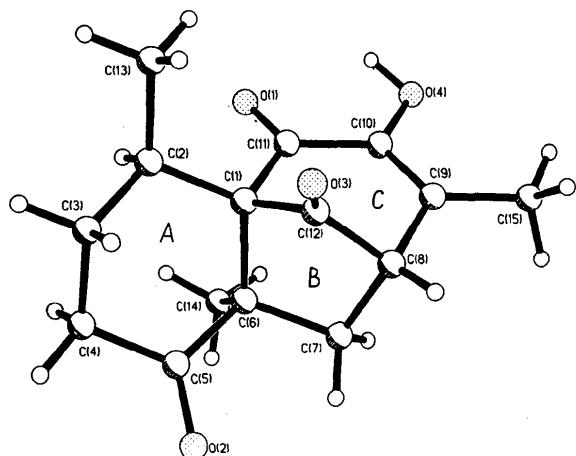


Fig. 1. General view of the molecule (1).

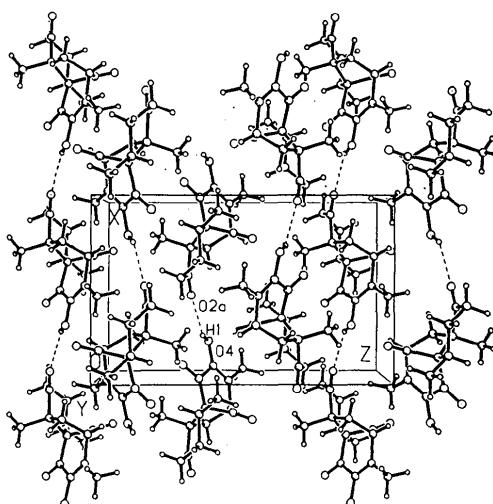


Fig. 2. Crystal structure of (1) with the hydrogen-bonded chains of molecules along the x axis.

Experimental

Crystal data

| | |
|--|--|
| C ₁₅ H ₁₈ O ₄ | Cell parameters from 24 reflections |
| M _r = 262.3 | $\theta = 24\text{--}26^\circ$ |
| Orthorhombic | $\mu = 0.097 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ |
| $P2_12_12_1$ | T = 153 K |
| $a = 9.045 (3) \text{ \AA}$ | Needles |
| $b = 9.670 (3) \text{ \AA}$ | $0.75 \times 0.10 \times 0.05 \text{ mm}$ |
| $c = 14.807 (4) \text{ \AA}$ | Colourless |
| $V = 1295.1 (7) \text{ \AA}^3$ | Crystal source: from warm ethanol solution |
| Z = 4 | |
| $D_x = 1.345 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ | |
| Mo K α radiation | |
| $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$ | |

Data collection

| | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Siemens P3/PC diffractometer | $\theta_{\max} = 50^\circ$ |
| $\theta/2\theta$ scans | $h = 0 \rightarrow 11$ |
| Absorption correction: | $k = 0 \rightarrow 12$ |
| none | $l = 0 \rightarrow 19$ |
| 1802 measured reflections | 2 standard reflections |
| 1802 independent reflections | monitored every 98 reflections |
| 1802 observed reflections [$F \geq 6.0\sigma(F)$] | intensity variation: $\pm 2.1\%$ |

Refinement

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Refinement on F | $w = 1/\sigma^2(F)$ |
| Final $R = 0.033$ | $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.15$ |
| $wR = 0.032$ | $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.158 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ |
| S = 0.52 | $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.188 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ |
| 1453 reflections | Atomic scattering factors |
| 244 parameters | from International Tables for X-ray Crystallography (1974, Vol. IV) |
| All H-atom parameters refined | |

Table 1. Fractional atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic thermal parameters (\AA^2)

| | x | y | z | U_{eq} |
|-----|-------------|------------|------------|-----------------|
| O1 | 0.0825 (2) | 0.7040 (2) | 0.2957 (1) | 0.032 (1) |
| O2 | -0.5281 (2) | 0.5810 (2) | 0.3200 (2) | 0.044 (1) |
| O3 | -0.2181 (2) | 0.7018 (2) | 0.5323 (1) | 0.035 (1) |
| O4 | 0.2055 (2) | 0.4820 (2) | 0.3787 (1) | 0.035 (1) |
| C1 | -0.1552 (2) | 0.6860 (2) | 0.3701 (1) | 0.020 (1) |
| C2 | -0.1740 (3) | 0.8419 (2) | 0.3523 (2) | 0.024 (1) |
| C3 | -0.3356 (3) | 0.8855 (3) | 0.3554 (2) | 0.033 (1) |
| C4 | -0.4304 (3) | 0.8030 (3) | 0.2897 (2) | 0.037 (1) |
| C5 | -0.4196 (3) | 0.6519 (3) | 0.3108 (2) | 0.027 (1) |
| C6 | -0.2639 (2) | 0.5881 (3) | 0.3159 (2) | 0.021 (1) |
| C7 | -0.2687 (3) | 0.4501 (3) | 0.3697 (2) | 0.029 (1) |
| C8 | -0.1845 (3) | 0.4779 (3) | 0.4586 (2) | 0.026 (1) |
| C9 | -0.0226 (3) | 0.4407 (3) | 0.4502 (2) | 0.027 (1) |
| C10 | 0.0621 (3) | 0.5170 (3) | 0.3955 (2) | 0.027 (1) |
| C11 | 0.0051 (2) | 0.6411 (2) | 0.3487 (1) | 0.022 (1) |
| C12 | -0.1888 (3) | 0.6350 (3) | 0.4666 (2) | 0.023 (1) |
| C13 | -0.0814 (3) | 0.9316 (3) | 0.4163 (2) | 0.033 (1) |
| C14 | -0.2144 (3) | 0.5653 (3) | 0.2173 (2) | 0.031 (1) |
| C15 | 0.0330 (4) | 0.3157 (3) | 0.4994 (2) | 0.042 (1) |

Lists of structure factors, anisotropic thermal parameters and H-atom coordinates have been deposited with the British Library Document Supply Centre as Supplementary Publication No. SUP 55940 (8 pp.). Copies may be obtained through The Technical Editor, International Union of Crystallography, 5 Abbey Square, Chester CH1 2HU, England. [CIF reference: VS1002]

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Table 2. Geometric parameters (\AA , °)

| | | | |
|--------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|
| O1—C11 | 1.215 (3) | C4—C5 | 1.497 (4) |
| O2—C5 | 1.204 (3) | C5—C6 | 1.540 (3) |
| O3—C12 | 1.197 (3) | C6—C7 | 1.555 (4) |
| O4—C10 | 1.363 (3) | C6—C14 | 1.544 (3) |
| C1—C2 | 1.540 (3) | C7—C8 | 1.544 (4) |
| C1—C6 | 1.583 (3) | C8—C9 | 1.513 (4) |
| C1—C11 | 1.546 (3) | C8—C12 | 1.525 (3) |
| C1—C12 | 1.542 (3) | C9—C10 | 1.337 (3) |
| C2—C3 | 1.522 (4) | C9—C15 | 1.499 (4) |
| C2—C13 | 1.534 (4) | C10—C11 | 1.479 (3) |
| C3—C4 | 1.523 (4) | | |
| C2—C1—C6 | 115.5 (2) | C5—C6—C14 | 106.0 (2) |
| C2—C1—C11 | 110.1 (2) | C7—C6—C14 | 111.8 (2) |
| C2—C1—C12 | 116.7 (2) | C6—C7—C8 | 105.8 (2) |
| C6—C1—C11 | 108.1 (2) | C7—C8—C9 | 111.5 (2) |
| C6—C1—C12 | 99.0 (2) | C7—C8—C12 | 103.2 (2) |
| C11—C1—C12 | 106.5 (2) | C9—C8—C12 | 105.5 (2) |
| C1—C2—C3 | 111.9 (2) | C8—C9—C10 | 118.3 (2) |
| C1—C2—C13 | 112.8 (2) | C8—C9—C15 | 118.5 (2) |
| C3—C2—C13 | 110.4 (2) | C10—C9—C15 | 123.2 (2) |
| C2—C3—C4 | 112.1 (2) | O4—C10—C9 | 121.3 (2) |
| C3—C4—C5 | 110.0 (2) | O4—C10—C11 | 116.6 (2) |
| O2—C5—C4 | 121.8 (2) | C9—C10—C11 | 122.1 (2) |
| O2—C5—C6 | 120.7 (2) | O1—C11—C1 | 122.1 (2) |
| C4—C5—C6 | 117.5 (2) | O1—C11—C10 | 120.5 (2) |
| C1—C6—C5 | 110.7 (2) | C1—C11—C10 | 117.3 (2) |
| C1—C6—C7 | 105.8 (2) | O3—C12—C1 | 128.6 (2) |
| C1—C6—C14 | 112.6 (2) | O3—C12—C8 | 127.4 (2) |
| C5—C6—C7 | 110.1 (2) | C1—C12—C8 | 103.9 (2) |
| C1—C2—C3—C4 | -55.9 (3) | C8—C12—C1—C6 | 46.7 (2) |
| C2—C3—C4—C5 | 58.5 (3) | C12—C1—C6—C7 | -33.0 (2) |
| C3—C4—C5—C6 | -53.7 (3) | C1—C12—C8—C9 | 74.1 (3) |
| C4—C5—C6—C1 | 43.7 (3) | C12—C8—C9—C10 | -43.5 (3) |
| C5—C6—C1—C2 | -39.3 (3) | C8—C9—C10—C11 | 4.4 (4) |
| C6—C1—C2—C3 | 46.6 (3) | C9—C10—C11—C1 | 3.9 (3) |
| C1—C6—C7—C8 | 8.2 (3) | C10—C11—C1—C12 | 27.4 (2) |
| C6—C7—C8—C12 | 20.6 (3) | C11—C1—C12—C8 | -65.3 (2) |
| C7—C8—C12—C1 | -42.9 (3) | | |

All calculations were performed by the *SHELXTL-Plus* programs (Sheldrick, 1987) with an IBM-PC/AT computer. Absolute configuration was not determined because of the lack of anomalous scatterers.

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Structure of 4-Nitrobenzyl N-(4-Nitrobenzyloxy)trifluoroacetimidate

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Abstract

The molecular structure of the title compound is characterized by the *cisoid* geometry of the oximinoether residue.

Comment

In experiments that were directed to the synthesis of polyamine analogues, a series of condensations were carried out between primary alcohols and *N*-trifluoroacetamidoxyalkyl derivatives by the Mitsunobu reaction (Mitsunobu, 1981). It was hoped that the condensation would lead to *N*-alkyltrifluoroacetamidoxy derivatives. However, the sole